

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for  
Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2016

-OR-

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934  
for the transaction period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 000-1425203

CPSM, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

98-0557091

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification)

2951 SE Waaler Street, Stuart, FL 34997

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

722-236-8494

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerate filer, or a small reporting company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock as of December 23, 2016:  
82,938,960

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This amendment to the Form 10-Q, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 15, 2016 is being filed solely to correct the disclosure regarding the controls and procedures. No other changes were made to the document.

CPSM, INC.  
FORM 10-Q  
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

**INDEX**

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Page

|   |    |
|---|----|
| <a href="#">Item 1. Financial Statements</a>  | 4  |
| <a href="#">Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</a> | 20 |
| <a href="#">Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk</a>                             | 27 |
| <a href="#">Item 4. Controls and Procedures</a>   | 27 |

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

|   |    |
|---|----|
| <a href="#">Item 1. Legal Proceedings</a>   | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 1A. Risk Factors</a>   | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</a> | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities</a>                             | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</a>                                     | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 5. Other Information</a>   | 28 |
| <a href="#">Item 6. Exhibits</a>  | 28 |

|                            |    |
|----------------------------|----|
| <a href="#">SIGNATURES</a> | 29 |
|----------------------------|----|

CPSM, INC.  
Index to the Financial Statements

|  | <u>Page</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2016 (unaudited) and<br>December 31, 2015                       | 4<br>6      |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended<br>June 30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited) | 7<br>8      |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the six months<br>ended June 30, 2016 (unaudited)      | 10          |
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June<br>30, 2016 and 2015 (unaudited)       |             |
| Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)   |             |

**CPSM, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

|   | <b>June 30,<br/>2016</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2015</b> |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------|
|   | <b>(unaudited)</b>       |                              |
| <b>Assets</b>                               |                          |                              |
| Cash  | \$ 494,192               | \$ 427,978                   |
| Accounts Receivable, net                    | 198,586                  | 157,517                      |
| Due from Related Party                      | 2,014                    | -                            |
| Inventory                                   | 24,468                   | 47,054                       |
| Prepays                                     | 78,366                   | -                            |
| Deposits                                    | 2,348                    | 2,348                        |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>                 | 799,974                  | 634,897                      |
| Property and Equipment, Net                 | 982,453                  | 955,983                      |
| Deposit - Business Acquisition              | 4,190                    | 194,190                      |
| Deferred Tax Asset                          | 23,373                   | 23,373                       |
| Intangible Assets, Net                      | 171,454                  | 38,054                       |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                         | \$ 1,981,444             | \$ 1,846,497                 |
| <b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b> |                          |                              |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>                  |                          |                              |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities    | \$ 176,857               | \$ 127,264                   |
| Stockholder Advance Payable                 | 70,981                   | 187,307                      |
| Bank Line of Credit                         | 34,027                   | 20,426                       |
| Notes Payable - Current                     | 28,008                   | 32,918                       |
| SBA Loan - Current                          | 56,172                   | 59,262                       |
| Customer Deposits                           | 135,546                  | 94,428                       |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>            | 501,591                  | 521,605                      |
| <b>Long Term Liabilities</b>                |                          |                              |
| Notes Payable - Long Term                   | 537,373                  | 531,728                      |
| SBA Loan - Long Term                        | 109,496                  | 133,028                      |
| Promissory Note - Stockholder               | 210,000                  | 210,000                      |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>                    | 1,358,460                | 1,396,361                    |

**CPSM, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**  
**(Continued from previous page)**

**Stockholders' Equity**

|   |              |              |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000<br>Shares Authorized, 1,562,500 and 0 shares Issued and Outstanding<br>at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 | 156          | -            |
| Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, 250,000,000 Shares<br>Authorized, 82,938,960 and 83,355,960 respectively, Issued and Outstanding at<br>June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015       | 82,939       | 83,356       |
| Additional Paid-in Capital:   |              |              |
| Preferred Stock   | 124,844      | -            |
| Common Stock  | 196,490      | 218,423      |
| Retained Earnings   | 218,555      | 148,357      |
| <b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>   | 622,984      | 450,136      |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>   | \$ 1,981,444 | \$ 1,846,497 |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements

**CPSM, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**  
**(Unaudited)**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b> |                   | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |                   |
|---|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
|   | <b>2016</b>                        | <b>2015</b>       | <b>2016</b>                      | <b>2015</b>       |
| <b>Revenue</b>  | \$ 1,316,403                       | \$ 927,418        | \$2,590,253                      | \$ 1,845,167      |
| <b>Costs and Expenses:</b>  |                                    |                   |                                  |                   |
| <b>Cost of Services and Products Sold:</b>                            |                                    |                   |                                  |                   |
| Purchases   | 446,671                            | 297,937           | 857,616                          | 533,496           |
| Service Costs   | 575,590                            | 408,008           | 1,096,701                        | 778,166           |
| Sales and Marketing   | 23,070                             | 12,748            | 37,410                           | 20,332            |
| General and Administrative  | 221,112                            | 185,588           | 418,455                          | 316,923           |
| Depreciation and Amortization   | 31,229                             | 16,140            | 63,550                           | 31,784            |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>1,297,672</b>                   | <b>920,421</b>    | <b>2,473,732</b>                 | <b>1,680,701</b>  |
| <b>Other (Income) Expense:</b>  |                                    |                   |                                  |                   |
| Interest Expense  | 16,194                             | 6,065             | 25,814                           | 12,275            |
| Other Income  | (6,354)                            | (11)              | (6,355)                          | 245               |
| <b>Total Other Expense</b>  | <b>9,840</b>                       | <b>6,054</b>      | <b>19,459</b>                    | <b>12,520</b>     |
| <b>Income Before Income Tax</b>                                       | <b>8,891</b>                       | <b>943</b>        | <b>97,062</b>                    | <b>151,946</b>    |
| <b>Income Tax Current</b>   | <b>3,190</b>                       | <b>141</b>        | <b>21,864</b>                    | <b>45,929</b>     |
| <b>Total Income Tax</b>   | <b>3,190</b>                       | <b>141</b>        | <b>21,864</b>                    | <b>45,929</b>     |
| <b>Net Income</b>   | <b>\$ 5,701</b>                    | <b>\$ 802</b>     | <b>\$ 75,198</b>                 | <b>\$ 106,017</b> |
| Less: Preferred Stock Dividends                                       | 2,500                              | -                 | 5,000                            | -                 |
| <b>Net Income Available to Common Stockholders</b>                    | <b>\$ 3,201</b>                    | <b>\$ 802</b>     | <b>\$ 70,198</b>                 | <b>\$ 106,017</b> |
| <b>Net Earnings per Common Share:</b>                                 |                                    |                   |                                  |                   |
| Basic   | \$ 0.00                            | \$ 0.00           | \$ 0.00                          | \$ 0.00           |
| Diluted   | \$ 0.00                            | \$ 0.00           | \$ 0.00                          | \$ 0.00           |
| <b>Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Basic</b>   | <b>82,938,960</b>                  | <b>81,041,422</b> | <b>83,147,460</b>                | <b>81,041,422</b> |
| <b>Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding - Diluted</b> | <b>84,847,724</b>                  | <b>81,041,422</b> | <b>85,192,738</b>                | <b>81,041,422</b> |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements

**CPSM, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity**  
**Six Months Ended June 30, 2016**

|   | Preferred Stock |        | Common Stock |           | Additional<br>Paid - In<br>Capital<br>Preferred | Additional<br>Paid - In<br>Capital<br>Common | Retained<br>Earnings | Total<br>Stockholders'<br>Equity |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------------|-----------|---|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|
|   | Shares          | Amount | Shares       | Amount    |   |  |                      |                                  |
| Balance at December 31,<br>2015                           | -               | \$ -   | 83,355,960   | \$ 83,356 | \$ -  | \$ 218,423                                   | \$148,357            | \$450,136                        |
| Issuance of Series A<br>Preferred Stock (Unaudited)       | 1,562,500       | 156    | -            | -         | 124,844   | -  | -                    | 125,000                          |
| Settlement of Shares Issued<br>in Acquisition (Unaudited) | -               |        | (417,000)    | \$ (417)  | -   | (24,583)                                     | -                    | (25,000)                         |
| Preferred Stock Dividend<br>(Unaudited)                   | -               |        | -            | -         | -   | -  | (5,000)              | (5,000)                          |
| Stock Option Expense<br>(Unaudited)                       | -               |        | -            | -         | -   | 2,650  | -                    | 2,650                            |
| Net Income (Unaudited)                                    | -               |        | -            | -         | -   | -  | 75,198               | 75,198                           |
| Balance at June 30, 2016<br>(Unaudited)                   | 1,562,500       | \$ 156 | 82,938,960   | \$ 82,939 | \$ 124,844                                      | \$ 196,490                                   | \$218,555            | \$ 622,984                       |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements

**CPSM, Inc . and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow**  
**(Unaudited)**

|   | <b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b> |                  |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------|
|   | <b>2016</b>                      | <b>2015</b>      |
| <b>Cash Flow from Operating Activities:</b>                                       |                                  |                  |
| Net Income  | \$ 75,198                        | \$ 106,017       |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash provided by Operating Activities: |                                  |                  |
| Depreciation and Amortization   | 63,550                           | 31,784           |
| Non-cash Stock Option Compensation  | 2,650                            | 494              |
| Increase (Decrease) in Cash from change in:                                       |                                  |                  |
| Accounts Receivable   | (41,069)                         | (21,207)         |
| Due from Related Party  | (2,014)                          | (1,010)          |
| Inventory   | 22,586                           | 16,335           |
| Prepays   | (78,366)                         | -                |
| Deposit   | -                                | (5,000)          |
| Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses   | 49,593                           | 16,807           |
| Customer Deposit  | 41,118                           | 54,376           |
| <b>Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities</b>                                  | <b>133,246</b>                   | <b>198,596</b>   |
| <b>Cash Flow from Investing Activities:</b>                                       |                                  |                  |
| Purchase of Property and Equipment  | (40,016)                         | (133,391)        |
| Purchase of Intangible Property   | -                                | (3,196)          |
| Additional Deposit for Acquisition  | (22,000)                         | -                |
| Sale of Purchased Assets  | 17,500                           | -                |
| Purchase Price Refund   | 15,000                           | -                |
| <b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>                                      | <b>(29,516)</b>                  | <b>(136,587)</b> |
| <b>Cash Flow from Financing Activities:</b>                                       |                                  |                  |
| Preferred Stock Dividend  | (5,000)                          | -                |
| Issuance of Preferred Stock   | 125,000                          | -                |
| Payment on Bank Line of Credit  | -                                | (8,232)          |
| Proceeds from Bank Line of Credit   | 13,601                           | -                |
| Payment on Notes Payable  | (28,169)                         | (8,567)          |
| Conversion/Payment on Stockholder Advance Payable                                 | (116,326)                        | (6,400)          |
| Payment on SBA Loan   | (26,622)                         | (28,242)         |
| Issuance of Notes Payable   | -                                | 87,380           |
| <b>Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Financing Activities</b>                        | <b>(37,516)</b>                  | <b>35,939</b>    |

**CPSM, Inc. and Subsidiaries**  
**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow**  
**(Continued from previous page)**

|  |    |         |    |         |
|--|----|---------|----|---------|
| <b>Net Increase in Cash</b>  | \$ | 66,214  | \$ | 97,948  |
| <b>Cash at the Beginning of the Period</b>   | \$ | 427,978 | \$ | 557,920 |
| <b>Cash at the End of the Period</b>   | \$ | 494,192 | \$ | 655,868 |
| <b>Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:</b>  |    |         |    |         |
| Cash Paid During the Period for:   |    |         |    |         |
| Interest   | \$ | 22,814  | \$ | 10,553  |
| Taxes  | \$ | 37,108  | \$ | 8,000   |
| <b>Supplemental Disclosures of Non-Cash Information:</b>   |    |         |    |         |
| Property and Equipment Acquired through Issuance of Notes Payable  | \$ | 28,904  | \$ | -       |
| Intangible Asset Acquired in Exchange for Deposit - Business Acquisition   | \$ | 154,500 | \$ | -       |
| Reduction in Deposit – Business Acquisition and Common Stock as a Result of Settlement of Shares Issued in Acquisition | \$ | 25,000  | \$ | -       |

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements

**CPSM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015**  
**Unaudited**

**NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

CPSM, Inc. (“CPSM”) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Custom Pool and Spa Mechanics, Inc. (“Custom Pool”), and Custom Pool Plastering, Inc. (“CPP”) collectively (the “Company”) are primarily engaged in the provision of full line pool and spa services, specializing in pool maintenance and service, repairs, leak detection, renovations, decking and remodeling. The primary market area includes Martin, Palm Beach, St Lucie, Indian River and Brevard counties, Florida.

**NOTE 2 - RECAPITALIZATION**

On September 11, 2014, through a stock exchange, CPSM acquired all of the outstanding common shares of Custom Pool. The principal shareholder of Custom Pool at the acquisition date was the Lawrence and Loreen Calarco Family Trust, (“Calarco Trust”) beneficially owned by Lawrence Calarco, an officer and director of the Company and Loreen Calarco an officer and director of the Company.

For accounting purposes, the transaction is accounted for as a reverse recapitalization. Reverse recapitalization accounting applies when a non-operating shell company (CPSM) acquires a private operating company (Custom Pool) and the owners and management of the private operating company have actual or effective voting and operating control of the combined company. A reverse recapitalization is equivalent to the issuance of stock by the private operating company for the net monetary assets of the public shell corporation accompanied by a recapitalization with accounting similar to that resulting from a reverse acquisition, except that no goodwill or other intangible assets are recorded.

On June 12, 2014, the Calarco Trust and four investors purchased approximately 98.5% of the outstanding common shares of Nevcor Business Solutions, Inc. (“Nevcor”). Subsequently, Nevcor was changed to CPSM, Inc.

**NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

**Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for interim financial information, and the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rules for interim financial reporting. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

However, in the opinion of management, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the Company’s consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2016 and the consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The consolidated results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for any subsequent interim period or for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 included in the Company’s Form 10-K.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less or money market accounts held at financial institutions are considered to be cash equivalents. Substantially all of the cash and cash equivalents are placed with one financial institution. From time to time during the year the cash accounts are exposed to credit loss for amounts in excess of insured limits of \$250,000 in the event of non-performance by the institution, however, it is not anticipated that there will be non-performance.

## Allowance for uncollectible receivables

Management evaluates credit quality by evaluating the exposure to individual counterparties, and, where warranted, management also considers the credit rating or financial position, operating results and/or payment history of the counterparty. Management establishes an allowance for amounts for which collection is considered doubtful. Adjustments to previous assessments are recognized in income in the period in which they are determined. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the allowance for uncollected receivables was \$23,114.

## Inventory

Inventory consists principally of pool chemicals and resurfacing materials. Inventory has a short turnover cycle. It is valued at the lower of cost or market using the First-in, First-out method.

## Property and Equipment

Land is stated at cost. Property and equipment are carried at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Land and building represent the old office facility of the Company in Palm City, FL., available for sale and in escrow under contract to sell, and the newly acquired building in Stuart, Florida, which is the primary office of the Company. The equipment is largely comprised of computers and motor vehicles used in the pool service business.

## Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist primarily of customer lists and other purchased assets with a definite life, and these are amortized using the straight-line method over those estimated useful lives.

Amortization expense for the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

| Intangible Asset                       | 2016            | 2017            | 2018           | 2019           | 2020           | Thereafter       |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Client List –<br>Prior<br>Acquisitions | \$13,400        | \$3,328         | -              | -              | -              | -                |
| Capitalized Costs                      | 1,185           | 1,185           | 1,185          | 1,185          | 1,185          | 13,037           |
| Client List -<br>Sundook               | 8,583           | 8,583           | 8,583          | 8,583          | 8,583          | 92,849           |
| Total                                  | <u>\$23,168</u> | <u>\$13,096</u> | <u>\$9,768</u> | <u>\$9,768</u> | <u>\$9,768</u> | <u>\$105,886</u> |

## Customer Deposits

The Company collects initial deposits from customers for pool resurfacing and remediation work and recognizes the revenue when the work is completed.

## Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when the pool service is completed and the collectability is reasonably assured. For pool resurfacing and remediation work, revenue is recognized at the time of completion of the job.

## **Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under the fair value recognition provisions of GAAP which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation for all stock-based awards made to employees and directors including stock options and restricted stock issuances based on estimated fair values.

In accordance with GAAP, the fair value of stock-based awards is generally recognized as compensation expense over the requisite service period, which is defined as the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for an award. The Company uses a straight-line attribution method for all grants that include only a service condition. Compensation expense related to all awards is included in operations.

## **Income Taxes**

The asset and liability approach is used to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of asset and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. The effect on deferred tax asset and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company accounts for uncertainties in income tax law under a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns as prescribed by GAAP. Under GAAP, the tax effects of a position are recognized only if it is “more-likely-than-not” to be sustained by the taxing authority as of the reporting date.

If the tax position is not considered “more-likely-than-not” to be sustained, then no benefits of the position are recognized. Management believes there are no unrecognized tax benefits or uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties on income taxes as a component of income tax expense, should such an expense be realized.

## **Basic and Diluted Net Earnings per Share**

The Company computes earnings per share in accordance with “ASC-260”, “Earnings per Share” which requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the consolidated statements of operations. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the period. Diluted earnings per share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period, computed using the treasury stock method for outstanding stock options and the if converted method for preferred stock. Dilutive earnings per share excludes all potential common shares if their effect is anti-dilutive.

For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2016 the basic and diluted earnings per share were:

|   | Three Months Ended |                   | Six Months Ended  |                   |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|   | June 30,           |                   | June 30,          |                   |
|   | <u>2016</u>        | <u>2015</u>       | <u>2016</u>       | <u>2015</u>       |
| Net Income Available to Common Stockholders                     | <u>\$ 3,201</u>    | <u>\$ 802</u>     | <u>\$ 70,198</u>  | <u>\$ 106,017</u> |
| Income Attributable to Preferred Stock                          | <u>2,500</u>       | <u>-</u>          | <u>5,000</u>      | <u>-</u>          |
| Income Available to Common Stockholders and Assumed Conversions | <u>\$ 5,701</u>    | <u>\$ 802</u>     | <u>\$ 75,198</u>  | <u>\$ 106,017</u> |
| Weighted Average Shares - Basic                                 | 82,938,960         | 81,041,422        | 83,147,160        | 81,041,422        |
| Effective Dilutive Securities – Stock Options                   | 346,264            | -                 | 482,778           | -                 |
| Shares Issuable Upon Conversion of Preferred Stock              | <u>1,562,500</u>   | <u>-</u>          | <u>1,562,500</u>  | <u>-</u>          |
| Weighted Average Shares - Diluted                               | <u>84,847,724</u>  | <u>81,041,422</u> | <u>85,192,738</u> | <u>81,041,422</u> |
| Net Earnings Per Common Share:                                  |                    |                   |                   |                   |
| Basic   | <u>\$ 0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     |
| Diluted   | <u>\$ 0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     | <u>\$0.00</u>     |

### Fair Value Measurement

Generally accepted accounting principles establishes a hierarchy to prioritize the inputs of valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest ranking to the fair values determined by using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest ranking to fair values determined using methodologies and models with unobservable inputs (Level 3). Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the assets based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The Company has determined the appropriate level of the hierarchy and applied it to its financial assets and liabilities. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 there were no assets or liabilities carried at fair value.

### Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 4 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the (“FASB”), issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2014-09 (ASU 2014-09), Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 will eliminate transaction- and industry-specific revenue recognition guidance under current GAAP and replace it with a principle based approach for determining revenue recognition. ASU 2014-09 will require that companies recognize revenue based on the value of transferred goods or services as they occur in the contract. ASU 2014-09 also will require additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is not permitted. Entities can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on the Company’s consolidated financial statement presentation and disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which is intended to enhance the reporting model for financial instruments to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information. The ASU requires equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in net earnings, simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment and eliminates the requirement to disclose fair values, the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost. The ASU also clarifies that the Company should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale debt securities in combination with the Company's other deferred tax assets. These amendments are effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-2, Leases (Topic 842) which will require lessees to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases with term of more than twelve months. Consistent with current GAAP, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. The new ASU will require both types of leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. The ASU also will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative requirements, providing additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of determining the effect of the ASU on its consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of income. Early application will be permitted for all organizations.

#### **NOTE 5 – CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK**

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents with high-credit quality financial institutions. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had cash and cash equivalent balances in excess of federally insured limits in the amount of approximately \$244,192 and \$177,978, respectively.

Accounts receivable are financial instruments that potentially expose the Company to concentration of credit risk. However, accounts receivable of \$198,586 and \$157,517 at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively are comprised of many pool service customer accounts, none of which are individually significant in size. The Company historically has collected substantially all of its receivables.

## **NOTE 6 – FAIR VALUE ESTIMATES**

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value in accordance with ASC 820, which specifies a valuation hierarchy based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions.

The hierarchy is:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

Management believes the carrying amounts of the Company's cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 approximate their respective fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company measures its line of credit, notes payable and loans in accordance with the hierarchy of fair value based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable

The estimated fair value of the cash, line of credit, notes payable, loans and intangible asset acquired in business acquisition at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, were as follows:

|   | Quoted Prices In<br>Active Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) | Carrying Value |
|---|---|---|--|----------------|
| At December 31, 2015                              |   |   |  |                |
| <u>Assets</u>                                     |   |   |  |                |
| Cash  | \$427,978   | -   | -  | \$427,978      |
| <u>Liabilities</u>                                |   |   |  |                |
| Bank Line of Credit                               | -   | \$20,426  | -  | \$20,426       |
| Notes Payable                                     | -   | \$562,970   | -  | \$562,970      |
| SBA Loan  | -   | \$192,290   | -  | \$192,290      |
| Promissory Note - Stockholder                     | -   | -   | \$175,434  | \$175,434      |
| Stockholder Advance Payable                       | -   | -   | \$187,307  | \$187,307      |
| At June 30, 2016                                  |   |   |  |                |
| <u>Assets</u>                                     |   |   |  |                |
| Cash  | \$494,192   | -   | -  | \$494,192      |
| <u>Liabilities</u>                                |   |   |  |                |
| Bank Line of Credit                               | -   | \$34,027  | -  | \$34,027       |
| Notes Payable                                     | -   | \$565,381   | -  | \$565,381      |
| SBA Loan  | -   | \$165,668   | -  | \$165,668      |
| Promissory Note - Stockholder                     | -   | -   | \$175,434  | \$175,434      |
| Stockholder Advance Payable                       | -   | -   | \$70,981   | \$70,981       |
| Intangible Asset Acquired in Business Acquisition | -   | \$154,500   | -  | \$154,500      |

#### NOTE 7 – ACQUISITION OF SUNDOOK POOL SERVICES, LLC

On December 30, 2015, the Company made a deposit of \$165,000 to acquire a pool servicing company, Sundook Advanced Pool Services LLC, in Stuart, FL. Additionally, the Company issued 417,000 shares of restricted stock, valued at \$25,000. The transaction closed on January 5, 2016. The primary asset acquired consisted of customer list intangible assets valued at \$154,500 as well as a retail store valued at \$17,500.

An additional \$25,000 was escrowed pending an audit of customer account retentions after thirty days. The acquisition expands the Company's business presence in its primary market of Martin, St Lucie and Indian River counties, Florida. Sundook's pool service routes are synergistic with the Company's pool service routes and provide for more efficiency and better operating margins.

On March 18, 2016, the Company negotiated the final settlement for the acquisition of Sundook. Due to Sundook underperforming certain terms and warranties under the asset purchase agreement, the Company paid \$10,000 of the escrowed funds, and Sundook surrendered the 417,000 shares of the Company's stock.

Separately, also on March 18, 2016, the Company sold the retail store acquired in the Sundook transaction for \$17,500.

The acquisition is not significant as defined by ASC 805, "Business Combinations", and therefore no pro forma financial information is presented.

#### **NOTE 8 – STOCKHOLDER ADVANCE PAYABLE**

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had an advance payable of \$70,981 and \$187,307 respectively, from the Calarco Trust, beneficially owned by Lawrence Calarco, an officer and director of the Company and Loreen Calarco an officer and director of the Company. The advance payable was used for expenditures on behalf of Custom Pool. The terms of the advance payable are non-interest bearing and it is due on demand.

#### **NOTE 9 – BANK LINE OF CREDIT**

The Company maintains a \$50,000 revolving line of credit with a regional bank. The line of credit has a ten-year maturity, but is due upon demand by the bank. The interest rate is currently 5.25%, and it is a floating rate, 2.0% over the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate Index.

The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively is \$34,027 and \$20,426. The Company is currently in compliance with the terms of the line of credit.

#### **NOTE 10 – NOTES PAYABLE**

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 the Company has \$565,381 and \$564,646 respectively, in notes payable secured against the newly acquired building in 2015 and motor vehicles used in the pool services and pool plastering business. The outstanding balance of \$50,986 for the loan against the pool plastering pump truck is the largest of the motor vehicle loans. The interest rates range from 2.99% to 5.75% and the maturities range from three to six years. The Company is currently in compliance with the terms of the loans.

The note for the acquisition of the new building in Stuart, FL. has an outstanding balance of \$390,350 at June 30, 2016. The note carries an interest rate of 3.99% and matures in October 2025. The Company is current with all payments and terms of the note.

#### **NOTE 11 – LONG TERM LOANS**

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has a long term loan from Wells Fargo Bank which is guaranteed in case of default by the Company, by the Small Business Administration. The terms of the loan have a floating interest rate of 2.00% over the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate Index, with the interest rate currently at 5.50%. The loan matures in January 2019. The loan is secured by all of the assets of Custom Pool and by personal guaranties of Lawrence and Loreen Calarco. The outstanding balance of the loan at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is \$165,668 and \$192,290 respectively. The Company is currently in compliance with the terms of this loan.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has a Promissory Note from a stockholder for \$210,000, which was incurred with the acquisition of the common stock of CPSM, Inc. The term of the Promissory Note is 5 years and the note has an interest rate set at the 5 Year Treasury Note rate, currently set at 1.69% and which resets annually on June 3. The principal is due on the final maturity of June 3, 2019. The Company has not paid interest, but has accrued interest expense of \$7,270 and \$5,496 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The Company is in compliance with the provisions of this Note.

## **NOTE 12 – PREFERRED STOCK**

In December 2015, the Company authorized 50,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, with a \$0.0001 par value. The Series A Preferred has an 8% dividend paid quarterly, and is convertible into common stock at \$0.08 per common share. The Series A Preferred is senior to the common stock as to dividends, and any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company. The Series A Preferred also has certain voting and registration rights.

In January 2016, the Company issued 1,562,500 shares of the Series A Preferred Stock to Lawrence and Loreen Calarco, officers and directors of the Company for \$125,000 in consideration. At the time of the issuance of the Series A Preferred, the closing stock price of the Company's common stock was \$0.07 per share and so there is not a beneficial conversion feature. The Series A Preferred is callable after six months at the option of the Company at the issue price.

## **NOTE 13 - COMMON STOCK**

Prior to the consummation of the recapitalization transaction CPSM had 8,300,951 shares of common stock outstanding, exclusive of common shares held by the Calarco Trust.

Post recapitalization, the Company issued 7,300,000 common shares between \$0.01 per share and \$0.05 per share for \$353,000 of gross and net proceeds. At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company has 82,938,960 and 83,355,960 common shares issued and outstanding, respectively.

## **NOTE 14 – 2014 STOCK AWARDS PLAN**

In November 2014, the board of directors of the Company approved the adoptions of a Stock Awards Plan. The purpose is to provide a means through which the Company may attract, retain and motivate employees, directors and persons affiliated with the Company, including, but not limited to, non-employee consultants, and to provide a means whereby such persons can acquire and maintain stock ownership, thereby strengthening their concern for the welfare of the Company. A further purpose of the Plan is to provide such participants with additional incentive and reward opportunities designed to enhance the profitable growth and increase stockholder value of the Company. A total of 7,000,000 shares was authorized to be issued under the plan. For incentive stock options, at the grant date the stock options exercise price is required to be at least 110% of the fair value of the Company's common stock.

The Plan permits the grants of common stock or options to purchase common stock. As plan administrator, the Board of Directors has sole discretion to set the price of the options. Further, the Board of Directors may amend or terminate the plan.

On May 27, 2015, the Board of Directors granted two individuals 500,000 options each. After issuance of the stock options, there are 6,000,000 shares available for issuance. The stock options have a five-year maturity, vesting ratably over that period.

A summary of the stock option activity over the period ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

|                              | Number of<br>Options | Weighted Average<br>Exercise Price | Weighted Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual Term | Aggregate Intrinsic<br>Value (\$000's) |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| Outstanding at Dec. 31, 2015 | 1,000,000            | \$0.035                            | 4.4 Years   |  |
| Granted                      | -                    | -                                  | -   | -                                      |
| Exercised                    | -                    | -                                  | -   | -                                      |
| Forfeited                    | -                    | -                                  | -   | -                                      |
| Outstanding at June 30, 2016 | <u>1,000,000</u>     | \$ 0.035                           | 3.9 Years   | <u>\$33,000</u>                        |
| Exercisable at June 30, 2016 | <u>219,178</u>       | \$ 0.035                           | 3.9 Years   | <u>\$ 7,251</u>                        |

The Company expensed \$1,325 and \$2,650 respectively, of stock option compensation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. Unrecognized compensation expense was \$20,685 at June 30, 2016. The Company did not issue any stock options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

A total of 6,000,000 shares are available for grant at June 30, 2016.

#### **NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Company does not have any significant or long term commitments. The Company is not currently subject to any litigation.

#### **NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In May 2016, the Company moved into its new office headquarters building in Stuart, FL. and has made available for sale or lease, its old office building in Palm City, FL. That building has had a sale offer and was in escrow for \$300,000, which had another 60 days remaining. The sale was not completed as there were significant contingent conditions to closing which were not satisfied, largely due to the inability to receive certain permits for development. In July 2016, the building was again in escrow for \$300,000 with a new buyer. The escrow has an additional 60 days remaining. There are contingent conditions that must be satisfied in order to complete the sale. The book value of the building was \$94,970 at June 30, 2016.

## **ITEM 2 . MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.**

### Overview

The Company is a full service pool maintenance, resurfacing and repair company whose main service area is the Martin, Palm Beach, St. Lucie, Indian River and Brevard counties of Florida. The Company earns revenue by charging service fees in the pool service business and by payments under contracts in the pool resurfacing business. The Company manages its operating margins of the businesses by reviewing personnel costs, chemical and material purchases and other service costs such as motor vehicle and insurance costs. Personnel are critical to the business since customers choose those companies who have the most experience and perform the service in a timely and professional manner.

The Company competes in its markets on the basis of price and the quality of the service. There are many pool service companies in the market and throughout Florida. However, this also presents an opportunity for the Company since many of its competitors are smaller and lack the infrastructure and depth of the Company. This allows the Company to compete through offering a larger range of services with a lower cost structure and to pursue growth opportunities either through internal growth or through opportunistic acquisitions. Most recently, the Company contracted with an additional supplier of pool resurfacing products which target a higher price segment of the resurfacing market and for which the Company expects to augment its sales and presence in its markets over the next six months.

### Plan of Operations

Management will expand the business as adequate working capital is provided through revenues. Our ability to maintain sufficient liquidity is dependent on our ability to maintain profitable operations or to raise additional capital. We have no anticipated timeline for obtaining additional financing or the expansion of our business. We will continue to keep our expenses as low as possible and keep our operations in line with available working capital.

### Results of Operations

On September 11, 2014, through a stock exchange the Company acquired all of the outstanding common shares of Custom Pool & Spa Mechanics, Inc. The business purpose of the stock exchange was to maximize access to capital market financing. For accounting purposes, the transaction is accounted for as a reverse recapitalization.

Custom Pool & Spa Mechanics, Inc. has had a pool resurfacing business as part of its service offerings. The resurfacing work had been subcontracted to other pool resurfacing companies. In March 2015, the Company formed Custom Pool Plastering Inc. (“CPP”), to consolidate the pool resurfacing business, including Custom Pool & Spa Mechanics, Inc. pool resurfacing business, in the new subsidiary. As such, CPP is a start-up entity, and through December 31, 2015, generated a small operating loss. Nevertheless, CPP is profitable in the six months ended June 30, 2016.

*Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2015*

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we had revenues of \$1,316,403 and \$927,418 respectively, an increase of \$388,985 or 42%. The increase is due to an increase in new pool service customers, as well as an increase in new pool plastering and resurfacing contracts. Pool service contract pricing and pool resurfacing contract pricing has remained at the same level from year to year. The increase in revenues is due to the continuing economic recovery and the Company’s further penetration into the existing South Florida pool market.

The cost of services and products sold of \$1,297,672 and \$920,421 respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, an increase of \$377,251 or 41%. The increase is due to the increase in sales of our pool service and plastering and refinishing business. As well, increased costs have been incurred in the integration of the acquisition of Sundook Pools.

Revenues, less purchases and service costs was \$294,142 and \$221,473 for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and produced a margin of 22% and 24%, respectively. The small decline in margin is largely due to the integration of the pool service business from the acquisition of Sundook Pools. The Company believes that as the integration is completed the margin will improve.

For the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we had sales and marketing expenses of \$23,070 and \$12,748, respectively. This was an increase of \$10,322 or 81% and is due largely to increased advertising and other marketing to support the move from the Palm City location to the Stuart location and for the grand opening of the new headquarters. . Depending on the market and the Company’s expansion plans, marketing expenses most likely will increase in the future.

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$221,112 and \$185,588 respectively, an increase of \$35,524 or 19%. The increase is due to the addition of costs from the acquisition of Sundook as well as an overall increase due to one-time expenses for the office headquarters move to a new building.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$31,229 and \$16,140 respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, an increase of \$15,089 or 94%. This is due to the purchase of additional motor vehicles, especially the pump truck for CPP as business in both the pools service and resurfacing business has expanded. As well, increased depreciation has come from the new office building in Stuart, Florida.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2015*

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we had revenues of \$2,590,253 and \$1,845,167 respectively, an increase of \$745,086 or 40%. The increase is due to an increase in new pool service customers, as well as an increase in new pool plastering and resurfacing contracts. Some of the increase in pool service customers and new pool plastering business is due to the acquisition of Sundook. Pool service contract pricing and pool resurfacing contract pricing has remained at the same level from year to year. The increase in revenues is due to the continuing economic recovery and the Company's further penetration into the existing South Florida pool market.

The cost of services and products sold of \$1,954,317 and \$1,311,662 respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, an increase of \$642,655 or 49%. The increase is due to the increase in sales of our pool service and plastering and refinishing business. As well, increased costs have been incurred in the integration of the acquisition of Sundook Pools.

Revenues, less purchases and service costs was \$635,936 and \$533,505 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively and produced a margin of 25% and 29%, respectively. The decline in margin is largely due to the integration of the pool service business from the acquisition of Sundook Pools. The Company believes that as the integration is completed the margin will improve.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, we had sales and marketing expenses of \$37,410 and \$20,332, respectively. This was an increase of \$17,078 or 84% and is due largely to increased advertising and other marketing to support the move from the Palm City location to the Stuart location and for the grand opening of the new headquarters. Depending on the market and the Company's expansion plans, marketing expenses most likely will increase in the future.

General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$418,456 and \$316,923 respectively, an increase of \$101,533 or 32%. The increase is due to the addition of costs from the acquisition of Sundook as well as one-time costs incurred during the move of the headquarters to a new building.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$63,550 and \$31,784 respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, an increase of \$31,766 or 100%. This is due to the purchase of additional motor vehicles, especially the pump truck for CPP as business in both the pools service and resurfacing business has expanded. As well, increased depreciation has come from the new office building in Stuart, Florida.

#### Capital Resources and Liquidity

We are currently profitable and finance our business through operations. Debt financing was used to start the business, for purchases of motor vehicles and a commercial building that are our new headquarters. Equity financing, using both preferred and common stock, has been used for public company and other registration costs as well as for future acquisitions. Currently, we are not in any negotiations to acquire other businesses.

Over the next twelve months, our cash requirement for operations is expected to be in excess of \$3,500,000. This requirement is expected to be funded through cash generated from operations and bank debt financing.

We have existing bank relationships and have had discussions with potential equity investors, however, there can be no assurance that we will be able to raise capital, if at all, upon terms acceptable to us.

We maintain a \$50,000 revolving line of credit with a regional bank. The line of credit has a ten-year maturity, but is due upon demand by the bank. The interest rate is currently 5.25%, and it is a floating rate, 2.0% over the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate Index. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, is \$34,027 and \$20,426. We are currently in compliance with the terms of the line of credit.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had a long term loan from Wells Fargo Bank which is guaranteed, in case of default by the Company, by the Small Business Administration. The terms of the loan have a floating interest rate of 2.00% over the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate Index, with the interest rate currently at 5.50%. The loan matures in January 2019. The loan is secured by all of the assets of Custom Pool & Spa Mechanics, Inc. and by personal guaranties of Lawrence and Loreen Calarco, officers and directors of the Company. The outstanding balance of the loan at June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 is \$165,668 and \$192,290 respectively. We are currently in compliance with the terms of this loan.

At June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had a promissory note from a stockholder for \$210,000, which was incurred with the acquisition of the common shares of CPSM, Inc.

The term of the promissory note is five years and the promissory note has an interest rate set at the 5 Year Treasury Note rate, currently set at 1.69% and which resets annually from June 3, 2014. The principal is due on the final maturity of June 3, 2019. We have not paid interest, but has accrued interest expense of \$7,270 and \$5,496 as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. We are in compliance with the provisions of this promissory note.

*June 30, 2016 compared to June 30, 2015*

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, we had a net income of \$75,198. We had the following adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: an increase of \$63,550 due to depreciation and amortization, and an increase of \$2,650 due to stock option compensation.

We had the following changes in operating assets and liabilities: an increase of \$41,069 in accounts receivable, an increase of \$2,014 in amounts due from related party, a decrease of \$22,586 due to inventory, an increase in prepaid expenses of \$78,366, an increase of \$49,593 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and an increase in customer deposits of \$41,118.

As a result, we had net cash provided by operating activities of \$133,246 for the six months ended June 30, 2016 consistent with the increase in pool servicing and pool plastering and resurfacing business and the acquisition of Sundook's.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we had a net income of \$106,107. We had the following adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: an increase of \$31,784 due to depreciation and amortization and an increase of \$494 due to stock option compensation.

We had the following changes in operating assets and liabilities: an increase of \$21,207 in accounts receivable, an increase of \$1,010 in amounts due from related party, a decrease of \$16,335 due to inventory, an increase of \$5,000 in deposits, an increase of \$16,087 in accounts payable and accrued expenses and an increase in customer deposit of \$54,376.

As a result, we had net cash provided by operating activities of \$198,596 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 consistent with the increase in pool servicing and pool plastering and resurfacing business.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, we purchased \$40,016 of property and equipment. We also made an additional deposit into escrow for the Sundook acquisition of \$25,000. Additionally, we sold purchased assets of \$17,500 and had a purchase price refund of \$15,000. As a result, we had net cash used in investing activities of \$29,516 for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we purchased \$133,391 of property and equipment, and purchased \$3,196 of intangible assets, resulting in net cash used in investing activities of \$136,587.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, we paid a preferred stock dividend of \$5,000 and received proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock of \$125,000. We received proceeds from the bank line of credit of \$13,601. Additionally, we made payments on notes payable of \$28,169, converted into preferred stock and paid, \$116,326 on the stockholder advance payable, made payment on SBA loan of \$26,622. As a result, we had net cash used in financing activities of \$37,516 for the Six months ended June 30, 2016.

For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we made payments on the bank line of credit of \$8,232. Additionally, we made payments on notes payable of \$8,567, made payments on stockholder advance payable of \$6,400, and on SBA loan of \$28,242. We also received proceeds from notes payable of \$87,380. As a result, we had net cash provided by financing activities of \$35,939 for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's Discussion and Analysis of its Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and the valuation of our assets and contingencies. We believe our estimates and assumptions to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Our financial statements are based on the assumption that we will continue as a going concern. If we are unable to continue as a going concern, we would experience additional losses from the write-down of assets.

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09 (ASU 2014-09), Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 will eliminate transaction- and industry-specific revenue recognition guidance under current U.S. GAAP and replace it with a principle based approach for determining revenue recognition. ASU 2014-09 will require that companies recognize revenue based on the value of transferred goods or services as they occur in the contract. ASU 2014-09 also will require additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer

contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and early adoption is not permitted. Entities can transition to the standard either retrospectively or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on our consolidated financial statement presentation and disclosures.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory, Topic 330, Inventory." An entity should measure inventory within the scope of this Update at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Subsequent measurement is unchanged for inventory measured using LIFO or the retail inventory method. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2015-11 on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which is intended to enhance the reporting model for financial instruments to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information. The ASU requires equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in net earnings, simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment and eliminates the requirement to disclose fair values, the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost. The ASU also clarifies that the Company should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale debt securities in combination with the Company's other deferred tax assets. These amendments are effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2018. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-2, Leases (Topic 842) which will require lessees to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases with term of more than twelve months. Consistent with current GAAP, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. The new ASU will require both types of leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. The ASU also will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative

requirements, providing additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is in the process of determining the effect of the ASU on its consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of income. Early application will be permitted for all organizations.

#### Off - Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no material off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2016.

#### Contractual Obligations

The registrant has no material contractual obligations

### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Not applicable for smaller reporting companies.

### **Item 4 . Controls and Procedures**

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of June 30, 2016. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and principal financial officers have concluded such controls and procedures to be effective as of June 30, 2016, to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

## PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not applicable for smaller reporting companies

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

### Item 5. Other Information

None

### Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 31\* - Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Exhibit 32\* - Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

101.INS\*\* XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Filed herewith

\*\*XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: December 23, 2016

CPSM, INC.

By: /s/Lawrence Calarco  
Lawrence Calarco  
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/Charles Dargan II  
Charles Dargan II  
Chief Financial Officer

## 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Lawrence Calarco, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CPSM, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report, our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: December 23, 2016

/s/Lawrence Calarco  
Lawrence Calarco  
Chief Executive Officer

## 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Charles Dargan II, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of CPSM, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report, our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: December 23, 2016

/s/Charles Dargan II  
Charles Dargan II  
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CPSM, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Lawrence Calarco, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/Lawrence Calarco

Lawrence Calarco  
Chief Executive Officer

December 23, 2016

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CPSM, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Charles Dargan II, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/Charles Dargan II

Charles Dargan II  
Chief Financial Officer

December 23, 2016